NDBI

Non-Damage Business Interruption and Delay in Start-up

IMIA Working Group 125(21)



Dublin 20th Sept.,2022 Dieter Spaar - HDI Global

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Agenda



- I. Introduction
- II. From BI to CBI to **NDBI**
- III. (Attempt of) Definition of **NDBI**
- IV. NDBI Triggers
- V. NDBI Consequences
- VI. Insurability & Risk transfer
- VII. Conclusion

Objective of today

- □ Raising awareness on potential NDBI-Scenarios in a Globalized World
- ☐ Discuss main NDBI-Scenarios
- ☐ Foster comprehensive understanding on the NDBI-subject in context of E&C

Not In Scope: Ready-to-use Product

I. Introduction - 'Global Risk Map'





Awareness of Traditional and implicitly "Non-Traditional BI" (i.e. PD-BI and NDBI)

I. Introduction

Headlines covering NDBI since some time



General

"The missing piece of your business interruption"

Corporate Risk and Insurance 2018

 "Non-damage business interruption risk: A creative approach required"

WillisTower Watson Nov 19, 2019

"Today's complex world of business interruption"

MunichRe 2016

 "Unlocking the mystery of Non-Damage-Business-Interruption"

SwissRe Corso, 23 June 2020

 "AON seeks to cover the intangible with parametric NDBI"

ARTEMIS 20th November 2018

• "BI Insurance claims: what happens next?" - Womble Bond Dickinson Jan28, 2021

More specifically related to COVID19

 "EIOPA calls for capital markets capacity for pandemic NDBI insurance"

ARTEMIS 12th February 2021

More specifically **related to Terror**

 "Non-Damage Business Interruption (NDBI) cover is the most significant development for businesses since the inclusion of CBRN cover"

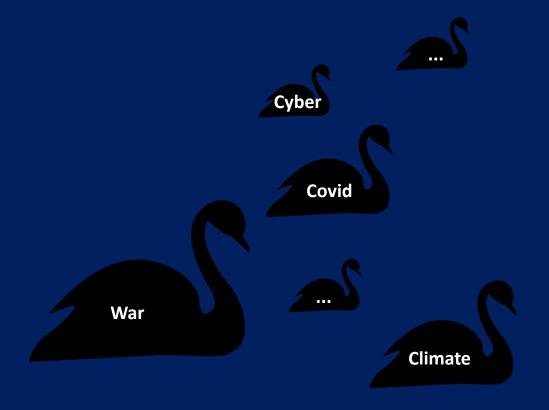
PoolRe

Since 2003 Pool Re Terrorism Cover has included 'damage' caused by an Act of Terrorism that involves the use of chemical, biological, radiological or nuclear means (CBRN).

Black swan's coming in swarms...

Turning Point in History?

Do you know ENID's?



I. Introduction



Growing importance of non-traditional Scenarios requires sound risk-management

 "Non-traditional" scenarios are becoming more and more attention
 Pandemic just one of many

☐ Risk-evaluation must not stop at industries gates

There is more than FLEXA

☐ Holistic risk-management process creates awareness

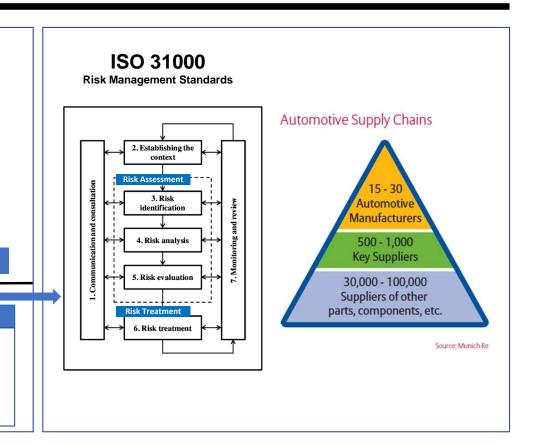
Risk-Managers recommended to include NDBI-Scenarios

Risk Assessment

- Risk Identification
- Risk Analysis
- Risk Evaluation

Risk Treatment

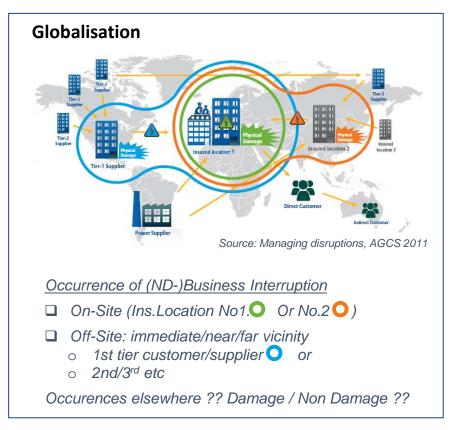
- Avoiding
- · Accepting or increasing
- Removing the risk source
- Sharing the risk
- Retaining the risk
-

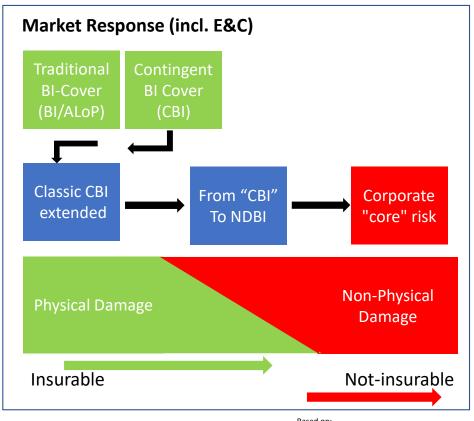


II. From BI to CBI to NDBI



Globalised Exposure: Likelihood and Severity are increasing





Based on:

- ☐ SwissRe NDBI-Webinar 2016;
- ☐ AGCS Extended CBI 2014

II. From BI to CBI to NDBI = f(Occurrences)



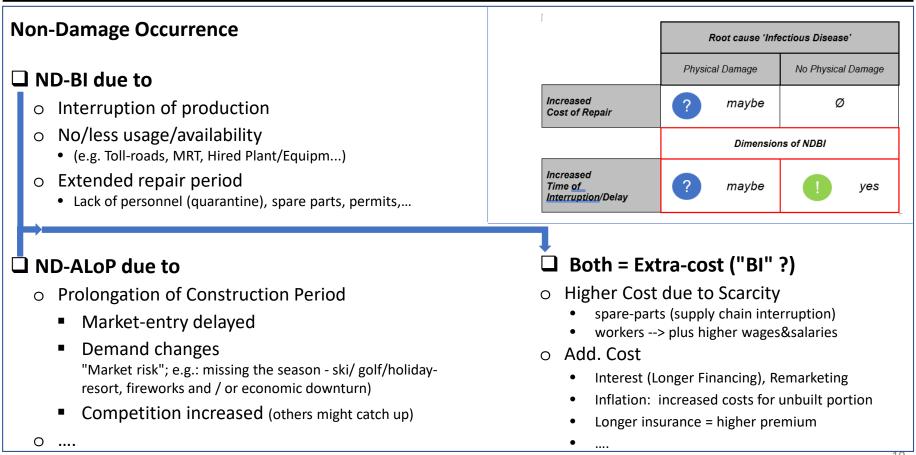
Exposure: What Insurer/Insureds actually understand as NDBI; always "ND..."?

Location of "Occurrence" Scope of Cover = f (individ. (C)BI-Policy	Phys. Damage F (Perils Insured)	Other Occurences (No-PD) Insurability may be limited	
Insured's Site	ВІ	NDBI	
Insured's Site Vicinity	(C)BI	NDBI	
Site of Direct Trade Partner (1st tier) - goods and/or energy, telcon, IT-provider,	CBI!	NDBI	
Site of Indirect Trade Partner (2 nd tier, 3 rd tier etc.)	CBI ?? ?? NDBI	NDBI	
Elsewhere far way / globally (e.g. Canal blockage; Flight cancellation due to bushfire, vulcano)	?? CBI becomes NDBI ??	NDBI	
	"Untrue" NDBI	"True" NDBI	

II. From BI to CBI to NDBI - 'Basic' Loss Scenarios



BI/Alop Loss plus Extra Costs



III. NDBI – Attempt of a DEFINITION

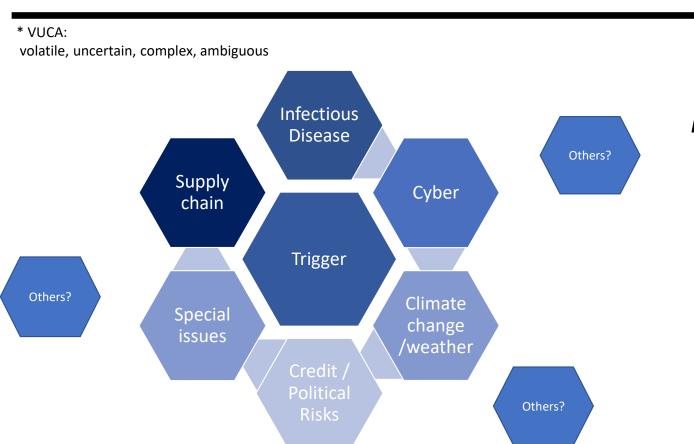


No <u>Direct</u> Physical Damage	Occurrence Definition (Insurability)	Affected Parties	Causation
☐ Traditional BI Trigger = Physical loss ☐ Physical loss = f (Jurisdiction) ☐ Extensions to different extent = f(market) "(extended) CBI"	 □ Occurrence = manifestation of a defined peril, identifiable & precisely described; fear or risk of loss only may not suffice □ Occurrence = f (jurisdiction) □ Insurability = f (accidental and/or fortuitous occurrence). 	 □ NDBI cover generally procured by the owner or leaseholder of the Insured property □ Engineering specific: DSU / ALOP □ Insured Interest to be specified □ E&C: Owner /Operator / Investor / Developper (Sub-)Contractor / Supplier 	(1) Defined Peril appears (2) causing an occurrence to happen (3) causing a NDBI (AloP)-loss 'How would insured business have performed but for, or in the absence of the occurrence?'
□ NDBI = f (no direct physical damage)	□ NDBI = f (defined occurence)	□ NDBI = f (Insured Party) Policyholder (one) specified	□ NDBI = Principle of 'Immediate Cause' (1+2+3> indemnity)
NDBI-Examples o COVID — no PD o Strike — no PD o Cyber o Evergiven Suezch. — no PD ?? o Flood in e.g. Thail. — PD !!	NDBI-AllRisk = not feasible UW'ers / Actuaries need 'scenarios' to evaluate & assume risk → "ENID-Challenge"		

IV. NDBI TRIGGERS in a VUCA* World







Root causes for NDBI - Scenarios in reality are manifold and individual.

?? Is that all ??



IV. NDBI TRIGGERS – Infectious Disease



☐ COVID19

- One of most discussed cases of a NDBI Exposure for E&C Insurance
- o Outbreak negatively affected many contractual relationships and business models
- ☐ 'Infectious Disease' in its literal sense embraces much more than just COVID19

(now think about monkeypox virus)

Pandemic	Epidemic	Notifiable		Other
Spreading over countries and continents (e. g. classified by WHO ⁹ as such)	Rather affecting local population only	mandatorily to notified to loca authorities		"infectious" diseases
Low	⇔ Insu	⇔ Insurability ⇔		High

- Consequences of 'Infectious Diseases' may have many facets and can reach from "just" higher cost of repair and no time-delay to stand-still or delayed completion or loss of BI or even marketshare.
- ☐ Communicable Disease Exclusions / Endorsements discussed embrace
 - o From: Complete exclusion of any BI (delay/interruption) situation parallel to an Infectious Disease
 - e.g.: "... directly or indirectly caused by, contributed to by, resulting from, arising out of, or in connection with a Communicable Disease or the fear or threat (whether actual or perceived)..."
 - o To: Write-Back of delay/interruption caused by physical damages (named perils/all-Risk)
 - e.g.: "...this exclusion does not apply to any covered loss, damage,directly caused by, ... physical damage to property insured...."



INFECTIOUS DISEASE

Accumulation Exp.

- o Pandemic = High
- Notifiable = Low

IV. NDBI TRIGGERS – Infectious Disease







☐ Lockdown of Site "immediately" affected due to

- Actual Infections on Site (Workers infected)
- o Lockdown enforcement in area (Local Authorities ordering Lockdown)
- o Employer's caring for health-security and "precautionary" closing site

☐ Lockdown of Site "remotely" affected due to

o lack of supply (spare-parts, goods, energy, telcon, data,..) caused by lockdown somewhere in own country / other countries (risk of gobalisation)

Quarantine

o extended (repair) works periods as workers are obliged to follow quarantine rules (permits)

Infectious Disease – "Risk categories

Pandemic	Epid	emic	Notifi	iable	Other
Spreading over countries and continents (e. g. classified by WHO ⁹ as such)		affecting pulation nly	mandato. notified autho	to local	"infectious" diseases
Low	#	Insur	ability	#	High

There is even more health issues (infectious?):

- ☐ Food poisoning on large remote sites with own catering
- Water in-toxination
- **....**



INFECTIOUS DISEASE

EXAMPLES

[&]quot;Infectious Disease" Categories ordered by impact to society / "seriousness"

IV. NDBI TRIGGERS – Cyber



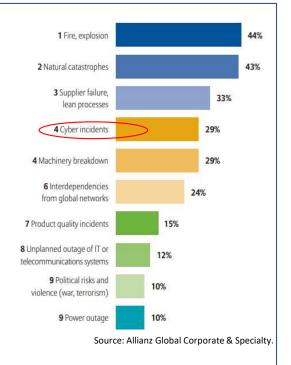


☐ Cyber

- Exposures in the context of IT-Risks
- Cybercrime/-war, IT failures, data breaches, technical glitch, human error,...

☐ Cyber incident may

- cause interruption of supply-chains
- stop (just-in-time) production
- delay construction (BIM*)
- Compromise quality (mixture, temperature,...)
- even lead to a «Black Out» event.
- be limited: one site (Construction; Steel, Cement; HPP;...)
- be widespread: Power Grid; Cloud Service





Accumulation Exp. o Low to very High

*BIM - Building Information Management

IV. NDBI TRIGGERS – Cyber



☐ CYBER ATTACK TO A POWER GRID

NDBI: due to lack of power

Scenario studied extensively by governments and financ. regulation authorities in recent years

- for power-producers
- for power consumers (incl. e.g. construction site,)
- **....**

□ DISTRIBUTED DENIAL OF SERVICE ATTACK (DDoS*) NDBI: due to non-functionality of IT-Hard/Software

- Disruption supply chain logistics operation and construction
- Disruption of Construction: BIM**
- ...
- RANSOMWARE ...blocking data until ransom is paid NDBI: due to lack of access to data
 - Disruption of Construction: BIM**
 - Disruption of Operation: Lack of control system; CNC Programs;
 - · ..



Cyber-Attack executed by individuals or part of modern warfare to de-stabilise



Standstill ==> NDBI&more

- Groundwater-pumps on construction sites
- Failure of Control e.g.
 melting-furnaces / extruder
 etc. --> Cooling /Freezing
- Standstill of big/heavy rotors may cause damage
- Standstill of transport (railroad; ...)
- Interference with harbour logistics causing stoppage of bridge-construction due to lack of prefabricated elements
- 0



CYBER

EXAMPLES

IV. NDBI TRIGGERS – Climate Change / Weather



- ☐ Global warming becoming an indisputable fact
- ☐ More frequent / severe cat-events
 - With PD and BI and NDBI effects, i.e. from actual damage to supply-chain (commodities, prefabrication, spare-parts, demand,..)
- ☐ Local Weather may cause NDBI
 - In the immediate affected area
 - In the wider area nationally and internationally (interruption of supply chain)

"Classic" NDBI-Products = Parametric Insurance in E&C .. and elsewhere

Lack of wind (speed) Lack of sun (Photovoltaic / Concentrated Solar Power Lack of water

Construction Sites

- Winter interruption → heavy storm, rain, snow, frost etc
- •

Infrastructure

- Bridges too heavy winds prohibit use;
- Tunnel too much snow at Access Road, risk of avalanches
- River too low water level for shipping etc

Manufacturing Industry

 Workers and/or material availability (supply) and/or production process might be prohibited by bad weather conditions



CLIMATE CHANGE WEATHER

Accumulation Exp.Low to very High

IV. NDBI TRIGGERS – Climate Change / Weather



☐ Lack of rain (drought)

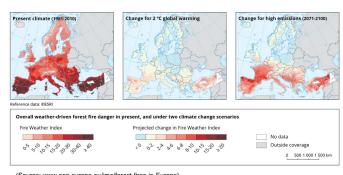
Restrictions on the transport of goods (e. g. Rhine) e.g.: supply/delivery of coal for power plants, other heavy-duty goods like steel/cement, cars for export, lack of water in reservoirs (HPP:Power outage) ,....

- ☐ Raising average temperatures and heatwaves
 Riverwater too hot for cooling Nuclear power plants
 --> limited/decreased capactiy
- ☐ Wildfires in Europe / Queensland Floods / Pakistan
 Interruption of supply chains

 Present climate (1988)20



(Source: www.swr.de/swraktuell/rheinland-pfalz/prognose-niedrigwasser-rhein-2022-100.html)





CLIMATE CHANGE WEATHER

EXAMPLES

IV. NDBI TRIGGERS – Political & Credit Risks



☐ War / Civil War (armoured conflict) / 'unstable' governments

- o Inside country:
 - o Interruption of Power/IT/supply chains without PD-loss (NDBI)
 - o Compromised Security; e.g.: forced to leave e.g. construction sites (Angola/DemRep.Angola)
- Outside country:
 - o 'just in time'-delivery suffers NDBI plus min. higher costs

☐ Trade wars (unarmoured conflict) / Sanctions / Expropriation

- o "Unforeseen" Trade embargo (e.g. example Russia/Ukraine/Belarus) of companies/individuals
 - 'just in time'-delivery suffers NDBI (e.g. Gas, Oil, Wood,.., Supply Chain, Financial services)
 - PLUS Higher Costs

Both above: induced inflation changes demand \rightarrow business-models becoming obsolete

- o Insolvency of e.g. construction ("Lifetime NDBI")
- ☐ Change in law
 - o e.g. Strategy-change of governments; (new) authorities may withdraw permits, licenses or may pose new requirements/taxes causing business-model becoming less attractive expropriation
- ☐ Environmental Aspects (ESG)
 - o Operation licenses (earlier) withdrawn (e.g. Germany NPP; CPP)
 - E.g. Exit of Coal PP 2038 → 2030; Exit of NPP 31.12.2022
 - Arctic Oil / Tarsands



POLITICAL & CREDIT RISKS

Accumulation Exp.Low to very High

IV. NDBI TRIGGERS – Political & Credit Risks



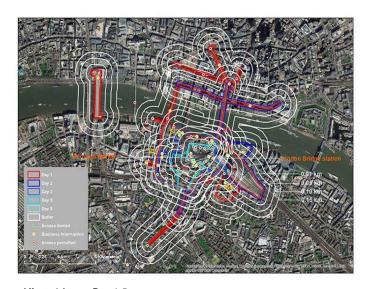
NDBI - Showcase:

Borough Market Terror Attack 2017 (London)

Following the actual attack "Zones" of limited accessibility were established by authorities

Zones decreasing from Day 1 → Day 5

- ☐ Businesses must stop in these Zones though in most zones no damage occurred (incl. e.g. construction sites)
- ☐ Employees/Workers must stay away; Customers may even much longer avoid visiting the Zones (NDBI - loss of attractivity)



Affected Areas- Day 1-5 (Source https://ihsmarkit.com/research-analysis/nondamage-business-interruption.html)



POLITICAL & CREDIT RISKS

EXAMPLE

IV. NDBI TRIGGERS – Special Issues



DISCOVERY OF

- ☐ Unexpected (soil) pollution
- □ Archaeological remains
 - Rome (Italy) Metro
 - Cairo (Egypt) Metro
 - Beijing (China) Olympic games stadium
- **□** Protected species
 - Protected riffs (Fehmarnbelt tunnel works)
 - Seals, Wales during construction of Wind-Offshore
- ☐ Weapons of war
 - Unexpected confrontation with WWII remainders











SPECIAL ISSUES

EXAMPLE

Accumulation Exp.o Low

IV. NDBI CONSEQUENCES (All Triggers)

Conclusion - Sample Effects on e. g. Construction Sites







☐ (NDBI) Interruption/Lockdown due to

- Quarantine (at site or elsewhere)
- Interruption of Supply-Chains
- Lack of Systems/Data (Cyber)
- Climate/Cyber/Demand related lim. "accessibility" or "usage"
- Compromised Security
- Political / Ecological Scenarios

→ NDBI

= BI / ALoP / Extended Repair Period

PLUS

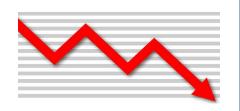
→ Higher Cost

Note:

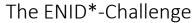
Supply Chain Interruption = more than BI/ALoP

- → Increase of CAR/EAR-Risk ("PD") as well
 - More/earlier supply of material and stock on site
 - Unattended site (Theft/Arson/.../Quality/...)

NDBI - Impact Levels	Immediate	Mid-/Long-term
Financial Loss		
Legal or contractual liability to third-Party		
Fail to meet fin.obligation	on	
Reputational loss		
Loss of company's values		



VI. INSURABILITY / RISK TRANSFER





*	FNID -	Fvent	not in	Datasets
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Pure Risk vs Speculative Risk

No positive outcome on pure risks

Speculative risks have a chance of producing a profit or producing a loss (not insurable)

Hazardous

Due to Chance

- Insurable risks need to be uncertain, unforseen
- «Bad luck» random and fortuitious

Measurable

Definiteness and Measurability

- Proof of loss
- Measurable, identifiable or calculable

Frequency and severity statistics

Statistically Predictable

- Loss experience basis
- Exposure basis

Non-systemic and not too large

Non Catastrophic

Insurer cannot cover risks that are affecting everyone at the same time or events that are in magniture exceeding existing capacitites

Well spread

Randomly Selected and Large Loss Exposure

Wide range of different insured / population

Reasonable frequency

Understood financial impact

The Bottom Line

- Risk must relate to an economic loss
- Risk needs to be correctly explained and understood

Appendix - Sample products



- □ WGP carried out desk-research looking for readily available NDBI-Products with relatively modest result for E&C market only.
- However, not limited to the E&C Market and looking into the wider ART-market, it can be assumed that various re/insurance companies offer various bespoke solutions ("balance-sheet protection")
- ☐ Accumulation issues (e.g.: Pandemic, Cyber, Terror,..) may require governmental backed-up solutions

(Re-)Insurers

- Weather related Parametric Solutions
- Multi-Year Performance Guarantees (PV/Wind On/Offshore)
- Cyber-related Products
- o Epidemic Solution
- Dedicated NDBI cover for terrorism risks
- Reputational risk insurance («Assistance»)
- 0

Associations / Government / Public Private Partnerships

- Pandemic Re designed to provide "after the event" cover for pandemic related business recovery.
- FFA French Insurance Federation compulsory health disaster coverage, extension to business interruption
- o Pool Re Pandemic and Cyber related solutions (discussion)
- o ..

VII. Conclusion





^{*} ENID – Event not in Datasets

Thank You



